

Queensland

Child Protection (Culturally Responsive Care) Amendment Youth Act 2022

Youth Act No. 74 of 2022

A Youth Bill for a Youth Act to amend the Child Protection Act 1999 for particular purposes.

[Assented to 20 October 2022]



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Child Protection (Culturally Responsive Care) Amendment Youth Act 2022

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The Youth Parliament of Queensland enacts—

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This Youth Act may be cited as the *Child Protection* (Culturally Responsive Care) Amendment Youth Act 2022.

2 Commencement

This Youth Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

3 Main purpose of Youth Act

The main purpose of this Youth Act is to implement a regime of culturally responsive care for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children through amendments to the *Child Protection Act 1999*.

Part 2 Amendment of the Child Protection Act 1999

4 Act amended

This part amends the Child Protection Act 1999.

5 Section 6AB (Principles about Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children—Children's Court)

Section 6AB(3), 'may'—
omit, insert—

must have

6 Insertion of new ch 9

After Ch 8—

Chapter 9 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Protection Council

250 Interpretation of Chapter in relation to other sections

This Chapter should be read alongside the principles for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children found in Section 5C.

251 Establishment

The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Protection Council is established.

252 Purpose

The Council's purpose is to—

- (a) provide advice to Government departments regarding care for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children;
- (b) provide advice in court proceedings regarding the best way to care for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children whilst maintaining cultural connection;

(c) to overall promote the welfare of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and promote their connection to culture.

253 Membership and related matters

- (1) The Council has a membership of 11 people.
- (2) The Council is made up of—
 - (a) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from the Gold Coast region;
 - (b) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from the Brisbane region;
 - (c) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander from the Darling Downs–South West region;
 - (d) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from the Wide Bay–Burnett region;
 - (e) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from Central Queensland;
 - (f) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from the Mackay–Whitsunday region;
 - (g) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from the North Queensland region;
 - (h) an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder from the Far North Queensland region;
 - (i) a member of the Aboriginal and Islander Health Council; and
 - (j) 2 experts in child and family law who are of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander descent.
- (3) The Governor-in-Council may appoint members of the council by instrument in writing.
- (4) Members are appointed to a 3 year term unless their appointment instrument specifies a different time.

- (5) The Minister may make an order to—
 - (a) increase the membership of the Council;
 - (b) reduce the membership of the council; or
 - (c) change the composition of the Council's membership.
- (6) In exercising their power under (3)(a), the Minister must not increase the membership of the council to a number above 25.
- (7) In exercising their power under (3)(b), the Minister must not reduce the membership of the council to a number below 9.
- (8) In exercising their power under (3)(c), the Minister must have consideration as to whether a suitable candidate of Aboriginal or Torres Strait islander descent is available for the role.
- (9) The Council has a chairperson who conducts and organizes meetings.
- (10) A chairperson must be elected from the full membership of the Council.

254 Aim to achieve wellbeing

In all its activities, the Council must aim to improve and achieve the wellbeing of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children in care and generally across Queensland.

255 Right to self determination

In all its activities, the Council must aim to promote the right to self determination for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children in care.

256 Support methods

- (1) The Council must provide adequate support mechanisms to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children to understand their connection with culture and language.
- (2) The Council must provide advice to courts, where requested, which considers the development and maintenance of a Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander child's connection to land.

257 Contact with elders

- (1) The Council must endeavour to establish contact between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children with elders in their community.
- (2) The Council must endeavour to establish contact where—
 - (a) the child or a carer requests it;
 - (b) a court requests it;
 - (c) a child is party to a court proceeding and it would be beneficial to their wellbeing; and
 - (d) at any other time the Council considers appropriate.

258 Protection of language

- (1) The Council must seek to promote Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages for children in care.
- (2) At all times, the Council must consider the appropriateness of teaching Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages to children in care.
- (3) The Council must provide language teaching where—

- (a) the child or a carer requests it;
- (b) a court requests it;
- (c) a child is party to a court proceeding and it would be beneficial to their wellbeing; and
- (d) at any other time the Council considers appropriate.

259 Duty of departments to consult

Where Departments are engaging in work relating to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children, they must consult with the council as to best practices.

260 Cultural training programs

- (1) Any person employed by the Queensland Government or employed by any other business in Queensland must complete a cultural training program.
- (2) Cultural training must—
 - (a) follow the Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander's foundational framework; and
 - (b) include an assessment of cultural competence upon conclusion of the training; and
 - (c) be completed every two years; or
 - (d) upon substantial changes being made to the program.

261 Definitions for this section

In this section—

the Council means the The Aboriginal and Torres

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Strait Islander Cultural Protection Council.

the Minister means the Minister for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships.